## **The Humanist Manifestos**

**How Would You Write One?** 

# Definition (Webster's Third New International Dictionary)

#### **Manifesto:**

a public declaration of intentions, motives, or views

## **The Humanist Manifestos**

- 1933: A Humanist Manifesto
- 1952: The Amsterdam Declaration
- 1973: Humanist Manifesto II
- 1980: A Secular Humanist Declaration
- 2002: The Amsterdam Declaration 2002
- 2003: Humanism and Its Aspirations

# The Organizations

- IHEU: International Humanist and Ethical Union
  - International umbrella group
  - Founded in Amsterdam in 1952
  - 2 Amsterdam Declarations

# The Organizations

#### AHA: American Humanist Association

- Member of IHEU
- Founded in 1941 as an outgrowth of the Humanist Fellowship (founded 1927)
- Educational tax exemption now; its beginnings were in the Unitarian church
- Promotes Humanism politically, legally, and socially
- 3 Humanist Manifestos

# The Organizations

#### Council for Secular Humanism

- Member of IHEU
- Founded by Paul Kurtz in 1980 as the Council for Democratic and Secular Humanism
- Educational tax exemption; opposed to categorizing Humanism as a religion
- Umbrella organization; lots of interest in debunking supernatural/paranormal claims
- A Secular Humanist Declaration

# **Basic Concepts in Manifestos**

- 1. Traditional religions are inadequate or worse.
- 2. Humans are responsible for values, determined through science, intellect, and experience in relation to human needs.
- 3. The meaning of life is to help all humans to realize their full potential.
- 4. Not all Humanists believe exactly the same things.

# **Additional Concepts**

- 5. Humans evolved.
- 6. Freedom of thought and personal liberty are crucial.

## 1933: A Humanist Manifesto

#### Authors

- Roy Wood Sellars and Raymond Bragg
- 34 signatures

- 2 pages
- A new <u>religious</u> movement; science and economic change have disrupted the old beliefs
- Idealistic: build it and they will come
- Rejects acquisitiveness; espouses "a shared life in a shared world"

### 1952: The Amsterdam Declaration

#### Authors

- IHEU
- Passed by IHEU general assembly at first World Humanist Congress

- -1 page
- Ethical humanism; not a new sect but the outcome of a long tradition of thought
- Anti-totalitarian: personal liberty with social responsibility
- Science in the service of ethical goals

## 1973: Humanist Manifesto II

#### Authors

- AHA (Paul Kurtz and Edwin H. Wilson)
- 282, then thousands of signatures

- 5 pages
- Ethical process
- More hardheaded and realistic approach
- Advocates for specific political and social policies
  - Strong human rights, separation of church and state
  - An end to war, poverty, racism, WMD
  - Legal right to birth control, divorce, abortion, suicide
  - Wealth-sharing among nations, easier international travel and communication, world law and courts

#### 1980: A Secular Humanist Declaration

#### Author

- The Council for Democratic and Secular Humanism (Council for Secular Humanism)
- Paul Kurtz

- About 10 pages
- Secular humanism ... committed to democracy."
- Emphasis on political and religious liberty
- Long section rejecting traditional religion
- Concerned about rise of religious fundamentalism

#### 2002: The Amsterdam Declaration 2002

#### Author

- IHEU
- Adopted by the IHEU General Assembly, 50<sup>th</sup> anniversary World Humanist Congress

- 1 page
- Ethical, the outcome of a long tradition of thought
- "the official defining statement of World Humanism"
- Added that Humanism values artistic creativity and imagination

## 2003: Humanism and Its Aspirations

#### Authors

- AHA
- Many input; final committee chaired by Fred Edwords
- 71 signatures, including 21 Nobel laureates

- 1 page
- Progressive <u>philosophy</u> of life
- Optimistic; mentions joy and beauty
- Emphasizes interpersonal goals
- Lists worldwide goals of human rights, resource equality, and environment protection

## Sample Manifesto Issues

(Manifesto: a public declaration of intentions, motives, or views)

- Is Humanism a religion or a philosophy?
- Is Humanism more about beliefs or about behaviors?
- What are the core beliefs and values of a Humanist?
- What, if anything, should a Humanist Manifesto say about theism?
- Are there any behaviors by which you could recognize a Humanist?
- Are there recent events that would or should color your Manifesto?